Hong Kong Green Label Scheme Product Environmental Criteria for Paint (GL-008-010)



BACKGROUND

The Hong Kong Green Label Scheme (HKGLS) is an independent and voluntary scheme, which aims to identify products that are, based on life cycle analysis consideration, more environmentally preferable than other similar products with the same function. The Scheme is organized by the Green Council (GC) with contributions from the HKGLS Advisory Committee and a number of supporting organizations.

The prime objectives of HKGLS are:

- For Consumers: assist in making purchases of products that are less harmful to the environment:
- For Industry: stimulate development and production of environmentally preferable alternatives.

This specification sets out the requirements that paint products will be required to meet in order to be licensed to use the HKGLS label. The requirements include environmental criteria and product characteristics. The specification also defines the testing and other means to be used to verify conformance with the environmental criteria and product characteristics.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Paints are manufactured from a wide range of organic and inorganic materials. The significant environmental impacts in the life cycle of paint relates to the release of solvents, heavy metals and other toxic substances in their manufacture and during their application.

LABEL OBJECTIVE

The aim of the environmental criteria developed for paint is to:

- Reduce the entry of organic solvents into the atmosphere and reduce the toxicity of its components which can impact adversely on the environment at different stages of the product life cycle.
- Minimize waste production by reducing the amount of primary packaging and promoting its reusability and/or recyclability.

Page 1 of 3 Revision: 5a

Hong Kong Green Label Scheme Product Environmental Criteria for Paint (GL-008-010)



PRODUCT DEFINITION

This document and all product environmental criteria therein apply to all paints which have water as the primary solvent / diluent and all paints which have an organic solvent as the primary volatile component.

The table below sets out the environmental criteria for the product category of Paint (GL-008-010) under the HKGLS.

(GL-008-010) under the HKGLS.			
Product Environmental Criteria	Verification Method(s)*		
1. The paint shall not contain volatile organic compounds	✓ Review of laboratory test		
(VOCs) in excess of:	report(s) ¹ ; AND		
• 50g per litre (g/L) of the water-based coatings for indoor	✓ Performance of an on-site		
application;	factory visit; AND		
• 150g per litre (g/L) of the water-based coatings for outdoor	✓ Interview with relevant		
application; and	personnel.		
• 250g per litre (g/L) of the solvent-based coatings of paint.			
2. The paint shall contain no more than 0.01% by wet weight or	✓ Review of laboratory test		
100mg/L of the halogenated solvents (including DCM and	$report(s)^2$.		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane).			
3. The paint shall not be formulated or manufactured with	✓ Review of laboratory test		
mercury or their compounds, or be tinted with pigment of	report(s) ³ .		
cadmium, chromium VI, lead or mercury. The levels of the			
above hazardous elements as impurities shall not exceed:			
Cadmium: 100 ppm			
Chromium VI: 200 ppm			
Lead: 200 ppm			
Mercury: 200 ppm			
4. The paint shall contain no more than 0.01% by wet weight of	✓ Review of laboratory test		
formaldehyde.	report(s) ⁴ .		
5. The paint shall contain no more than 0.01% by wet weight of	✓ Review of laboratory test		
the sum total of aromatic compounds, which must include	report(s) ⁵ .		
benzene, toluene, xylenes, and ethylbenzene			

Page 2 of 3 Revision: 5a
Issue date: 6 February 2018

Hong Kong Green Label Scheme Product Environmental Criteria for Paint (GL-008-010)



Product Environmental Criteria	Verification Method(s)*			
6. Packaging requirements:				
• The packaging of the product shall not contain PVC or	✓	Inspection	of prod	uct samples
chlorine-based plastics;		on site;		
• For metal cans, material must comply with RoHS standards.	✓	Review	of	supporting
Pb < 1000 ppm		information	; AND	
Cd < 100 ppm	✓	Interview	with	relevant
Hg < 1000 ppm		personnel.		
$Cr^{6+} < 1000 \text{ ppm}$				
PBB < 1000 ppm				
PBDE < 1000 ppm				
General packaging requirement (Refer to criteria for				
packaging materials: GL-Packaging).				

*Analytical testing should be accredited and performed by laboratories that meet the requirement laid out in the IEC/ISO 17025 or EN45001 standards or any equivalent systems e.g. HOKLAS, CNAS. Under special situation and with the approval from GC, test can be performed by in-house method by the accredited laboratory or manufacturer.

Notes on Test Methods:

1. VOC: USEPA Method 24

Halogenated Solvents: USEPA Method 311Lead and Cadmium: USEPA 3051A/7000B

Chromium VI: USEPA 7196A Mercury: USEPA 3051A/7471B

4. ASTM D5910-05 (2012)

5. USEPA Method 311

6. Lead and Cadmium: USEPA 3051A

Mercury: USEPA 3051A/7471B Chromium VI: USEPA 7196A

PBB & PBDE: US EPA 3540C/8081A/8082A/8270D

**Any relevant national or international test methods pertinent for the test parameter are acceptable.

Page 3 of 3 Revision: 5a
Issue date: 6 February 2018